**Http Error Status:**

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| 400: Bad Request | A HyperText Transfer Protocol Bad Request 400 indicates a client error. When the client sends an invalid request to the server, the server issues an HTTP status code 400. |
| 401 : Unauthorized | The server can't process the request due to client-side errors.  The 401 status code indicates that the HTTP request has not been applied because it lacks valid authentication credentials (usually username and password) for the target resource. |
| 404 Not Found | The server can not find the requested resource. |
| 403 Forbidden | Unauthorized request. The client does not have access rights to the content. Unlike 401, the client’s identity is known to the server. |
| **402 Payment Required (Experimental)** | Reserved for future use. It is aimed for using in the digital payment systems. |
| 405 Method Not Allowed | The request HTTP method is known by the server but has been disabled and cannot be used for that resource. |
| **200 OK** | Indicates that the request has succeeded. |
| **204 No Content** | The server has fulfilled the request but does not need to return a response body. The server may return the updated meta information. |
| 201 Created | Indicates that the request has succeeded and a new resource has been created as a result. |
| 500: Internal Server Error | This is a "catch all" status for unexpected errors. |
| HTTP status 504 - Gateway timeout | This means, that the server has not responded within the specified time period. |
| 502 Bad Gateway |  |